

LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

The President's Callers.—Among the President's callers to-day were Senators Pugh and Representatives Springer, Rogers, Joseph and Clements.

BONDS WERE OFFERED to-day as follows: 4s registered, \$50,000 at 127 1/2; 4s, \$10,000 at 129 1/2; 4s registered, \$10,000, \$10,000, \$10,000, \$97,500 and \$7,000, coupons, at 109 1/2.

BILLS APPROVED.—The President to-day approved the bills to incorporate the American Historical Association and to regulate appointments in the Marine Hospital Service of the United States.

NEW NOTARIES PUBLIC.—The President to-day appointed Harry M. Earle and Martin S. Decker to be notaries public for the District of Columbia.

John J. Glynn was to-day appointed by the President a boatswain in the Navy.

HIS EXPELSION REVOKED.—The Department of State has received a dispatch from Berlin, stating that the order expelling Mr. Louis B. Greenberg, a naturalized American citizen, from Prussia, has been revoked at the instance of our Legation.

LEAVES GRANTED.—Leave of absence granted to Lieutenant Herbert J. Stocum, Seventh Cavalry, on account of sickness, has been extended eleven months. Major Henry G. Thomas, paymaster, on surgeon's certificate of disability, has been extended one year.

WILL REPORT FOR EXAMINATION.—By the direction of the President Captain Robert W. Schuffield, assistant surgeon, will report in person to Brigadier-General Wesley Merritt, president of the Army Retiring Board at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for examination by the board.

THE MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.—The President this morning signed the bill regulating appointments in the Marine Hospital Service. The bill provides that no person shall be given an original appointment into the service above the rank of assistant surgeon, and that in the higher ranks are to be filled by promotion. The officers in the service at the date of the passage of the act are to be nominated to the Senate for confirmation with the rank then held.

THE SCHMIDTCHER CHURCH.—The board appointed by Secretary Whitney, consisting of Commodore Seward and Schley, Naval Constructor Wilson and Chief Engineer Melville, to consider the plans for a submerged cruiser, express their views very favorably as to its merits. The plans submitted provide for a heavily armored cruiser with turtle-backed steel deck and revolving turret, and built with compartments so arranged that on going into action the ship would sink in water, thus sinking her until only the heavy steel turtle-back and turret remain above water. She is designed to carry heavy breech-loading rifled cannon and small rapid fire-guns.

POSTOFFICES RAISED IN RANK.—The following fourth-class postoffices have become Presidential appointments: Flagstaff, Ariz.; Russellville, Ark.; Redwood City, Cal.; Tallapoosa, Ala.; Montezuma, Iowa; Argonne, Kan.; Presque Isle, Me.; Abbot Center, Mass.; Fowlerville, Mich.; Hartman, N. J.; Carrollton, Ohio; South Pittsburg, Tenn.; Morrellton, Ark.; Jackson, Missouri; and Ocean City, N. J.; and Col. Dayton and Lake City, Fla.; Goodland and Kentland, Ind.; Clinton and Griswold, Iowa; Baxter Springs and Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Katchikan, La.; Grifton, Ohio; Medfield, New York; Highland and Vineyard Haven, Mass.; Au Sable, Mareb, Nashville and Wyandotte, Mich.; Crystal Springs, S. C.; Boulder Valley, Great Falls and Wickers, Mont.; Clinton, Woodbridge and Woodstock, N. J.; Whitesboro, N. Y.; Camden, Girard, New Richmond and Pleasant, Ohio; Palatka City and West Point, Va. The average salary is \$1,100.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT CHANGES.—Louis D. Brosius of Pennsylvania, having served a satisfactory probationary term of six months, has received an absolute appointment to a clerkship of the \$1,000 class in the office of the Sixth Auditor.

Promotions.—Mrs. E. R. Smally of Wisconsin, from \$840 to \$1,000; P. H. McDuff of New York, from \$720 to \$900; Miss M. A. Colman of Ohio, from \$670 to \$850; Miss J. M. Tuller, from \$720 to \$900; and Miss N. B. Robertson of Illinois, from \$720 to \$900 in the office of the Sixth Auditor. J. M. Burnham of New Hampshire, from \$840 to \$1,000; John D. Cook of Alabama, from \$720 to \$900; and David W. Louisiana, from \$720 to \$900, in the office of the Second Auditor. Miss F. Dillake of Kentucky, from \$840 to \$900, and C. C. Bogart of New York, from \$820 to \$900, in the office of the Third Auditor. Miss V. L. Moore, from \$820 to \$900, and J. Williams, from \$1,000 to \$1,100, in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; and Mrs. J. T. Moulthrop of Connecticut, from \$700 to \$800, in the office of the Treasurer of the United States.

WAR DEPARTMENT CHANGES.—The following appointments as official changes have been made in the War Department: Eugene A. Wells promoted from \$1,000 to class I, office of Adjutant General; William B. Mayne, promoted from copyist and typewriter at \$720 to clerk at \$900, office of Chief Signal Officer; James H. Pless, promoted from skilled laborer at \$720 to copyist at \$900, office of Chief of Engineers; Edward M. Stratton, a \$1,000 clerk, promoted to \$1,100, office of Engineer General; William E. Schilling, promoted to \$1,100, office of Quartermaster General; William H. Ench of Wisconsin, promoted to \$1,100, office of Ordnance General; and Edward J. Hall of Mississippi appointed \$1,000 clerk, Surgeon General's Office; W. S. Pitts of Iowa and Oliver W. White, of Massachusetts, appointed the appointments as \$1,000 clerks, Office of Adjutant General.

MARRIED IN A COURT ROOM.—Thornton Downing, colored, came to the City Hall this morning with Cornelia Cruseberry, took out a license and went into a vacant court room, where they were joined in holy matrimony by the Rev. E. D. Bailey of the Civil Service Commission.

T. C. Taylor took a commendable interest in assisting the couple in their matrimonial career. It was he who went to the City Hall and who presented Deputy Marshals Joyce and McCormick into service as ushers.

BURIAL PERMITS ISSUED.—Burial permits have been issued during the past twenty-four hours by the Health Officer, as follows: Colored, Lizzie Dorsey, 1 year; Susan McKee, 63 years; Alfred Taylor, 13 months; Jane R. Harrison, 3 years; Elsie Dunlap, 1 month; White, Howard Brown, 15 years; Dora A. Churcner, 7 years; Ernest Woodward, 26 years; Clara B. Semor, 10 years.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—Wesley Stewart and Matilda J. Wilson; John B. Kidd and Julia Peters, Richmond, Va.; Wm. H. Russell, Baltimore, and Josephine V. Mann, City.

FIRED FOR SUNDAY BARKEEPING.—Messrs. Reed & Harris were fined \$20 in the Police Court this morning, charged with selling liquor on Sunday.

FIRST SMOKE! WATER!—Sixty of dangerous and adulterated pipes is now going on at the Family Store, 319 Seventh street.

THE EVENING POST.

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 5, 1889.

IN CONGRESS TO-DAY.

THE HOUSE WRANGLES OVER THE RULES.

The Senate Asks the President for Information About Venezuelan Affairs.—The Panama Canal Resolution Taken Up.—The Tariff Bill Considered.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution calling upon the President for the correspondence with the Venezuelan government in regard to the exchange ratifications of the claims convention of December 3, 1885, and to know what steps have been taken by the United States for the collection of the monthly quotas of customs receipts due the United States under Venezuelan laws and an account of the Caracas awards.

Mr. Sherman's resolution, reported yesterday, was then brought up. It declares the sense of Congress to be opposed to the interference by foreign powers with the intercourse canal projects in Central America. Considerable discussion was provoked.

The resolution, under the rules, went over until next week, and the Tariff bill was taken up.

HOUSE.

In the House to-day Mr. Townsend offered a resolution directing the Commissioners of the District to communicate to the House a statement of all matters relating to the purchase of sites for public schools in the District, embracing the location of sites, the amounts paid, whether such amounts were fair market prices for the property, whether the sites were purchased from the owners direct or through third parties, and if through third parties why this method was resorted to, and all information touching the purchase of such sites, together with recommendations for legislation governing the future purchase of sites.

Mr. O'Neill of Pennsylvania, presented a memorial from the Vessel Owners' and Captains' Association of Philadelphia, petitioning for an increased appropriation to enable the Hydrographic Office to conduct its good work of preparing charts, etc.

The Secretary of the Interior submitted an estimate of an appropriation of \$500,000 to be immediately available to enable the Geological Survey to make a survey of the arid portions of the United States for the establishment of reservoirs for irrigating such lands as may be deemed reclaimable.

The Commissioner of Agriculture submitted a report of Professor Newberry of San Francisco upon the silk-worm culture. The resolution from the Committee on Rules abolishing "Suspension days" came over from yesterday. The point of no quorum was made against the order of the previous question, and a call of the House followed the sergeant-at-arms being dispatched to bring in absentees.

A resolution was agreed to instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to telegraph for all Senators to be present in the House to-day. A resolution was agreed to directing the Secretaries of War and Navy to lend to the Inaugural Committee flags and bunting, in their possession, for the decoration of the city on March 4. The House adjourned at 2:30.

CAPITOL NOTES.

The Senate Pension Committee has reported favorably a bill to pension the widow of the late Commander Samuel H. Baker, United States Navy.

The Speaker has laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury in response to a resolution inquiring of him whether any legislation was necessary to afford relief to the owners of the ship *Albatross*, which was wrecked in Behring Sea. The Secretary says all possible relief is now afforded.

Mr. Chandler has introduced in the Senate a bill to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the duties of the United States Marshal. The bill is to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the duties of the United States Marshal.

The Senate has authorized its Committee on Privileges and Immunities to investigate the circumstances connected with the bringing of suits to settle Mexican private land grants in California.

Senator Stanford has presented to the Senate the petition of the Pomona Grange of Nevada County, Texas, praying the adoption of some measure to relieve the country from the effects of the late war.

The Senate held a short secret session yesterday afternoon. The Committee on Military and Naval Affairs reported favorably the nomination of the staff officers recently appointed with the exceptions of the nominations of Scott and Hay to be commissioners of subsistence and of the nomination of Scott to be a member of the unpaid commission of subsistence.

The President has sent a message to Congress recommending an appropriation of \$100,000 to be used for the purpose of the killing of several Japanese subjects by the crew of the U. S. S. *Albatross* at the Island of Iliana, in March, 1887, while engaged in target practice.

The sub-committee of the House Committee on Indian Affairs has completed the Indian Appropriation bill for the year 1889. It is a bill of \$1,000,000, a reduction of about \$500,000 from the previous bill. It will be submitted to the full committee to-morrow or Monday.

The Senate Committee having in charge the investigation of the charges against Supervising Architect Frost began its work to-day. The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill will be reported to the House to-day.

The Nicaragua Canal Company. The Nicaragua bill passed by the House yesterday incorporates the company, and provides that Congress shall have the right to regulate the tariff rates for the transportation of persons and property. The United States is not committed to pay for the construction of any part of the canal. The capital stock of the company is limited to \$100,000,000. The bonds, stocks, etc., may be sold only for cash. No certificate of stock may be issued until ten per cent of the stock is subscribed for. The penalty for violation of this is five years' imprisonment, or \$10,000 fine, or both. The company must commence work in constructing the canal within three years, and an annual report must be made to the Secretary of the Interior.

The Galt Funeral Arrangements. The funeral of the late William M. Galt will take place from his late residence, 1114 Vermont avenue, at 11 o'clock Monday morning. The interment will be at the Oak Hill Cemetery. The funeral services being held at the residence on Vermont avenue, Mr. Galt's old pastor, Rev. Dr. Bartlett, and Rev. Dr. Sunderland will officiate at the funeral and at the interment in Oak Hill Cemetery.

The members of Mr. Galt's family who were not in the city at the time of his death arrived this morning and others are expected to-night.

The Elks' Day of Sorrow. Grand Exalted Ruler Hamilton E. Leach will issue an order Monday appointing January 5 as a day for a service of sorrow in memory of the dead of the Order of Elks.

THE CARDINAL'S ANSWER.

The Suit in Equity Over Building St. Joseph's Church.

In the equity case of John Edwards against Cardinal Gibbons and others, the defendant, the Cardinal, to-day filed his answer. Messrs. Morris & Hamilton appearing as his solicitors. Edwards was the contractor for the erection of St. Joseph's Church, and he asks the court to decree a sale of the property and to enforce a mechanics' lien.

The answer admits that a contract was made, by which Edwards was to erect the church for \$24,000, but denies that the plans were subsequently altered so as to cause additional expense. The answer states that Edwards abandoned the work and that he is liable for \$25 per day from October 1 for failure to have the building completed on time. It was provided that fifteen per cent should be retained, to be used to liquidate any damages for which the contractor might be liable, and it is stated that he has already received more than eighty-five per cent of the contract price.

The cost of completing the building will be \$27,000 and the defendant claims that Edwards is responsible for the additional expense. On November 17, it is alleged, Edwards, who had been paid \$21,085.20, refused to pay his workmen and they declined to go on with the building. Edwards then refused for money on account, which was refused him unless he would give security, three security bonds, which Edwards withdrew from the work. They ask that the bill be dismissed from court.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

The Commissioners have recommended adverse action on the bill to amend the charter of the Anacostia and Potomac River Railroad. They say that Eleventh street has an excellent granite block pavement, which it is inadvisable to disturb for the purpose of laying car tracks, but if Congress should approve such use of this street the company should be required to pay for the pavement on the entire length of the tracks and two feet exterior thereto. If it should be deemed advisable that the Company be authorized to lay a track between G and M streets, they suggest that it be laid on Tenth street from G street to Virginia avenue, thence southeast on Virginia avenue to Eleventh street and along Eleventh street to M street.

Chief Engineer Harris reports that during the month of December there were seventeen fires, causing a damage of \$9,425, on which there was an insurance of \$2,500.

The Commissioners have written the Senate District Committee, vigorously protesting against the passage of the bill providing for the exemption of hotels from using water meters. They state in their letter that the bill would be a violation of the most objectionable kind and, if enacted into law, its effect on the water service will be vicious in the extreme. Hotels are the most wasteful of water of any of the establishments embraced in the existing law. If they are released from the obligation to use meters great difficulty will be experienced in applying the law to other establishments and it will speedily become a dead letter.

Private Wm. Gantz of the police force has been court-martialed and disciplined for insubordination. Lieutenant Gessford of the Eighth Precinct, in the specifications, charged that the officer insisted on wearing an old overcoat on duty, while he has a new one that he will not wear.

The insubordination consisted in "biting back" at the Lieutenant, as he termed it, when he (the Lieutenant) ordered him to put on a better coat. This one, the Lieutenant says, is a well worn and gray around the collar. Gantz's economy, or insubordination, will cost him \$25, to be paid in five monthly installments.

J. B. Reed, who applied for the improvement of the Junior High School, Le Droit Park, has been notified by the Commissioners that they cannot improve it because it is a private way.

The bill authorizing the extending of Vermont avenue to Seventh street road or Brightwood avenue has received the approval of the Commissioners. The bill is in their letter to Senator Ingalls on the subject that they think New Jersey avenue should be extended at the same time, and that the two avenues should meet at Grant street and Brightwood avenue where there should be a circle.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

An elegant dinner was given yesterday in honor of Bishop and Mrs. Newman by Senator and Mrs. Stanford.

Mrs. Stanford will not hold any weekly receptions during this month.

Miss Grace Howard of New York who has been spending a few days with Mrs. A. A. T. in the city, has just returned from her mission among the Indians in Dakota.

The guests of Mrs. Condit Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wesley Kent, have returned to their homes in New York.

The reception given last evening by Senator and Mrs. Voorhees was for the purpose of introducing the Senator's son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. White, a well-known young lawyer of this city, secretary of the Jackson Democratic Club, married on the first of the month to Miss Anna L. Robinson at the residence in New Orleans. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Davis of the Episcopal Church.

After the wedding the couple started on a short Western trip at the end of which they will take up their residence in Washington.

Mr. Albert A. Wilson gave his first Friday reception yesterday. A large circle of friends attended.

Miss Georgina Campbell's studio reception, given yesterday at Mrs. Wilson's, was one of the most successful of its kind ever held in this city.

Mrs. Whitney will wait till after January 11 before holding her first card reception of the season.

A very pleasant high tea was given yesterday by Mrs. Pierce Crosby.

Major and Mrs. Bittencourt gave an afternoon tea yesterday at their cozy quarters at the Soldiers' Home.

CAPTAIN GRANT'S DEATH.

THE END OF A BUSY AND INTERESTED LIFE.

The Gallant Veteran Keeps Up His Work to the Last—His Funeral to be Held on Monday—His Career During the War.

Captain Albert Grant, for nearly twenty-five years a prominent architect and builder of Washington, died early this morning at his home on Capitol Hill. He had been confined to his bed for a year by a complication of diseases, but the fatal illness which caused alarm seized him on Christmas Day. Since then he grew weaker gradually, until at 6 o'clock this morning, surrounded by his family, he quietly passed away. His illness was due to several causes, blood poisoning among others. The funeral will take place on Monday at 3 p. m., services being held at the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church on Capitol Hill.

Captain Grant was born in Frankfurt, Me., November 12, 1820. In his early life he became an architect and builder, and he followed during his life with considerable success. He was while still a young man the architect and builder of the Bay State Cotton Mills at Lawrence, Mass., the largest cotton mill in New England. He was the architect of the oldest slave-men in that section of the country. He moved to Illinois and afterward settled in Milwaukee, where he conducted a business of large proportions, his annual receipts being nearly \$75,000.

When he broke out he organized a company in Milwaukee which included the most prominent men in the county. He was made second lieutenant. It is a singular fact that when this company was ordered to the front, he was returned to the service received an officer's commission. Lieutenant Grant was offered a lieutenant-colonelcy, but declined it for a captaincy, which he thought himself better fitted for. He entered the Nineteenth Wisconsin Infantry and was during the war. His life, for the next four years, reads like a romance. He was a man of intrepid bravery. He was in nine different prisons and three times confined in dungeons. He made his escape from prison, and at the close of the war he came to Washington and resumed his profession.

His most notable work is Grant Row on East Capitol street, between Second and Third, the finest block in the city. Some time ago he became blind, but he continued to do his work. At the time of his death he was engaged on an autobiography, dictating to his stenographer. He was of inflexible will and his mental faculties remained unimpaired to the end of his life. He had four children, two sons and two unmarried daughters.

INAUGURATION DETAILS.

New Jersey Will Send a Large Representation. General Toddy, who represents the Civic Organizations Committee in New Jersey, was at Inauguration headquarters to-day and registered the Harrison and Morton Association of Newark, which intends to take part in the inauguration ceremony.

The General says that the Jersey people are taking a great deal of interest in the inauguration and that \$500 of them have already signified their intention of coming to the inauguration in the various organizations.

The Committee on Ball-room Decorations will meet Monday night to decide on plans for the decoration of the big court of the Pension Office, where the ball is to be held.

The Executive Committee will meet again to-night, the first time for two weeks.

The Central Republican Club of Baltimore wants to carry a big storm flag in the inauguration parade and they wrote to Chairman Britton to-day to know if they would be allowed to carry the flag.

Mr. Britton has replied that they are not to be allowed to carry the flag.

No contracts have yet been awarded to furnish the inaugural bouquets.

The Electric Light Companies have assured Colonel Britton there will be no trouble in furnishing lights if wise men be in charge.

The Eighth Regiment of Salem, Mass., will come 600 strong, with 150 citizens and the sheriff of the county.

The W. C. T. U. has addressed memorials to Colonel Britton, the officials in charge of the Inauguration, and to General Harrison protesting against the sale of intoxicating liquors at the ball.

The banquet committee held a short meeting yesterday at 4 o'clock and appointed a subcommittee consisting of J. F. Olmstead, F. B. Noyes and W. F. O'Brien to consider all the bids and report to the general committee their findings.

Mr. Blaine's Quiet Day. Mr. Blaine spent to-day quietly and the driving rain kept him indoors the early part of the day. He had a great many callers, but he saw only a few of them and denied himself to reporters.

The sudden change in the weather had an unfortunate effect on Mr. Blaine's health, which has been none too good since the campaign.

He saw a few callers early in the day, and some friends for the first time, and he had intended to go about the city some this afternoon.

After a light breakfast, though, he felt too ill to go out and he remained in his room all the rest of the day. It may be, too, that the excitement that must result from the unveiling of the statue in Indianapolis had an unfavorable effect.

Several Senators who have recently been in consultation with General Harrison called at the residence of Mrs. Dr. A. Adams and Mrs. Birch, who were in the coach. The Pennsylvania Company is making efforts to discover who fired the shot.

A Successful Mining Season. St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 5.—A Helena, Montana, special says: The reports of the last day's mining of Montana for the last year exceed that of any previous year. The total amount was over \$2,000,000. It is estimated that the total output of gold, silver, lead and copper mines of Montana for the year was between \$35,000,000 and \$40,000,000, an increase of \$10,000,000 over 1887.

AN INJUNCTION DENIED.

The Case of the Hewitt Estate Against the "Sunday Herald."

In the case of Rachel M. Hewitt, administratrix of Robert C. Hewitt, against Isaac N. Burritt, Elizabeth A. Burritt and others Judge Cox to-day made a decree denying the injunction asked for and dissolving the temporary restraining order heretofore granted.

The original bill set forth that the late Captain Burritt owed the Hewitt estate a sum of money, having contracted the debt when he purchased the *Sunday Herald* property. Captain Burritt made a conveyance of the newspaper property to secure an indebtedness to his wife for money loaned from her independent estate.

This conveyance was to Joshua O. Stanton, and the court was asked by the complainants to enjoin him from selling the property to satisfy her claim and to protect their interests in the matter.

"VERY LIKE SHERRY"

Some Interesting Expert Testimony in the Police Court. Jonah Adams and Allan Colbert were on trial in the Police Court this morning charged with the larceny of three gallons of sherry from the store of John Kerpe.

The defendants were arrested by Officer Trammell and a confession was elicited. On the witness stand, Adams repudiated the confession, stating that it was obtained by force, and explained the evidence of the denial by the assertion that he bought a half gallon of whisky of Fagan, for which he paid sixty cents.

He then took the whisky to his friend Harris' house, where they drank some of it. A question, as to the contents of the demijohn, and it was suggested by competent authority that Catawba wine and whisky mixed would make a drink tasting very like sherry.

This was denied by a person equally expert in such matters. Seven specks of gin and blackberry as a decoction which might produce an excellent "sherry." Mr. Cross for the defendants requested a continuance until Tuesday to produce important witnesses, which the Court granted.

SOUSA'S COMIC OPERA.

Francis Wilson Buys It and Will Present It in New York. Professor Sousa, who has just completed a comic opera entitled, "The Wolf," has sold it to Mr. Francis Wilson of the "Ermine" Opera Company. Mr. Wilson pronounces very favorably upon the opera. He says it contains many good parts, and he agrees to produce it for the first time in New York city within a year. Mr. Wilson's contract with the Ermine Company expires in the spring, and he expects to leave the Broadway Theatre after May.

TROUBLE WITH THE NEGROES.

Reports of Race Difficulties in Mississippi. New Orleans, Jan. 5.—A special from Meridian, Miss., says: In the neighborhood of the Roberts place, twelve miles northwest of this city, there has been great excitement since the Wednesday after Christmas. The trouble appears to have originated from the bad feeling engendered among the negroes of that locality by the lynching of the negro who entered the house of a white man at midnight and attempted to murder one of the inmates with an ax.

The man's life was saved only by the misadventures of the man's friends. The negro was recognized and afterward hanged. Since that time the negroes have been making threats and there has been a bad feeling existing. Just prior to the holiday an old negro man reported that a conspiracy was brewing to kill certain white men at that locality. This report was corroborated by overhearing a conversation between the negro reporting the existence of the conspiracy and one Bud Spears, who, it was said, was a ringleader among the negroes.

Satisfactory evidence being produced as to Spears' intention, and his determination to carry out his threat, a party of masked men rode up to his house on Wednesday, the 26th, and riddled him with buckshot. Another negro who was at Spears' house was wounded in the hand, but made his escape. Since that time the white people of that section have been ferreting out conspirators and arresting negroes and trying them before a justice of the peace.

They were under arrest yesterday, and upon investigation were acquitted. A number of men are still under arms, but things are gradually quieting down.

Outrages by Ohio White Caps.

JEFFERSON, Ohio, Jan. 5.—A few nights ago three or four men visited the home of J. H. Stone and Clark Silvers, living on Glad Run, leaving a White Cap notice. Thursday night they appeared at Silvers' and roused him by throwing bowlders at his house. Silvers procured a double-barreled shot gun and fired both barrels into the crowd at short range. The loads took effect judging from the noise made by the men while fleeing from the house. Yesterday upon examination the ground was found covered with blood. Stone came to town yesterday and procured a supply of ammunition and says he will be prepared to receive the White Caps in good shape.

Postoffice at Grand Rapids Robbed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 5.—The post-office of this city was robbed last night of about \$500 worth of stamps and a box containing a number of registered letters. The robbery was one of the boldest pieces of work ever perpetrated here. There is no clue to the thief. Several thousand dollars worth of stamps and half-a-dozen registered pouches were left undisturbed.

The Vermont Marble Quarries.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 4.—A new corporation under the title of the Sheldon Marble Company, has acquired the ownership of the Sheldon, Sherman and Manhattan marble quarries. This deal practically places the control of the valuable Vermont quarrying interests in the hands of two companies—the Vermont Marble Company, which is the only formidable rival of the Sheldon Company.

Was it a Suicide?

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Charles P. Gale, a young newspaper man, connected with the Chicago Mail, committed suicide last night by shooting himself with a pistol, at his home. On the marble top of his dresser was found a partially written telegram addressed to Miss Emma C. Starnes, 219 DuSable street, St. Louis, Mo., with the words: "I will send you the writing was nearly obliterated by blood which had poured upon it."

A General Smash Up.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Jan. 5.—An engine and caboose, following a freight train on the Vandavia Road, near Fillmore, yesterday, ran into it, causing a general smash up, and doing great damage. Engineer Bundy was fatally hurt.

The Insurance Company.

is paying for your shoes. Call and get a pair at greatly reduced prices on account of fire. Family Shoe Store, 319 Seventh street.

A SAD DAY FOR LIBERTY.

WALKER & WILSON COMPLAIN OF CAPTAIN SYMONS' ACTION.

They Think That He Has Unjustly Discriminated Against "West Brookland"—They Send a Sharp Remonstrance to the Commissioners.

Messrs. Walker & Wilson, agents for "West Brookland," the new subdivision about which Surveyor Forsyth was called to task by the Commissioners, indignantly complain of the action of Captain Symons in the matter, and charge him with attempting to stigmatize the offering of this property for sale as an attempt to delude the public, and going beyond his official duties and committing an outrage on the rights of a private citizen.

They ask: "Why don't he ask the Commissioners to warn the public against buying lots in all other subdivisions that are not in conformity with the streets of Washington?" They say that on account of the location of this piece of land (14 acres) that it would be impracticable to subdivide it in any other manner. If the District would survey the streets through the property and pay for the land taken, the owners would be well pleased.

They were abused by their attorney that there was nothing in the law which would prevent them from subdividing and selling the property without the approval of the Commissioners. It will be a sad day for the liberties of the people, they declare, when their rights as property holders are trampled on as proposed by Captain Symons. They say that they are surprised that Attorney Riddle should say that the Commissioners can prevent the creation of houses on this land. These views have been embodied in a letter to the District Commissioners.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT.

Chief Arthur and the Conference Committee on the "Q" Strike. CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Chief Arthur, of the Engineer's Brotherhood, arrived in the city this morning and took breakfast at the Grand Pacific. When seen by